G R S 58]
Previous references

File No 330–10

1910

Serial Nos 1 & 2a

(Education)

Later references
Ed 330-10 (Bk 24)
246 11 (1-4)
Ed 304 of 12
Edn 32-13 [2] 1-5-13

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Serial Nos 1 & 2

Part B for June, 1911

SUBJECT

Separation of the Pottery Branch of the Mysore Industrial School

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From – the 9 ult of Edn, No 4866/610 & 15 3.11 submits proposals for making the pottery section of the Mysore Industrial school as a separate Deptt of the School under the supervision of Committee

To Do & comptr, no 9970-1 & 1 6 11 sanctions the above proposal tentatively for two years with effect from 1 7 11

GPB—5 000—22 10 10

1910-11

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

(Education)

NOTES

File No 330-10

FILE HEADING

Separation of the Pottery branch of the Impl Indl School.

From The Dy Dirr of Edn in Mysore

No 7866/610 Dated 15/3/11 Received 19/3/11

Diary No 5919 | Enclos | Spare Copies | Serial No 1

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER

Submits proposals for making the pottery section of the Impl Indl School as a separate Dept of the School under the Supervision of the Committee

NOTES AND ORDERS

Submd for orders. The proposal does not involve any addl cost at present. The present Budget provision of Rs 11,000 for the pottery section is proposed to be placed

NOTES—First sheet

GPB—15 000 21 4 09

Serial No

at the disposal of the Committee for initial & working expenses

MW Sig 33 29/3/11 (Secretary) ✓ Subs for orders

hm 3/4/11

3 The pottery branch of the Industrial school is not unpromising but as it requires to be worked on a larger scale & with improved appliances it would be well if ultimately a private body can take over the business but before that can be done it seems desirable to try the scheme outlined by the Deputy Director. The proposals made in para 10 of his letter may be adopted tentatively for a year in the first instance -

H Dec 9 46 47

Brll for financial opinion CSB 25/4/11

4

Subd 27-26 25/4 Sig 26/4/11 (Secretary) No objection

K Hall

Note—Contn sheet

Serial No

to be regarded as a debt due to Govt to be accounted for when the scheme terminates, in additions to buildings or plants & made out of loans &, in additions to buildings floating stock & in cash realised or Equivalent to cash in hand. MS 1/5

Draft IV) 2/5-11

9 Submitted
MS/mg 10 Secy) 4/5/11
2/5/11 " Please put up a draft sanctioning the scheme with the addns suggested by the Financial Secr & submit to 2nd Cr

CSJ 5/5/11

12 Draft Submitted
MS/mg Secy) 11/5/11
2nd Counsellor)

I think the scheme is well thought out & may be approved

Dr 12/5/11

Dr 13/5/11

NOTE—Contn sheet

GPB 50 00 12 8 10

11695 F
18-5-11 Draft approved

Serial No

to be regarded as a debt due to Govt to be accounted for when the scheme terminates, in additions to buildings or plants & made out of loans & in additions to buildings floating stock & in cash realised or Equivalent to cash in hand

MS 1/5

4/5-11 V n g 12/5

Submitted

MS/org 10 Secy) 4/5/11

2/5/11 " Please put up a draft sanctioning the scheme with the addns suggested by the Financial Adviser & submit to 2nd Cr

CSJ 5/5/11

V n g 13/5

12 Draft Submitted

MS/Blue 11/5/11 2nd Counsellor)

12/5/11

I think the scheme is well thought out & the draft may be approved.

13/5/11

NOTE—Cntn sheet

GPB—5000—12-8-10

1169 SF 18-5-11

Draft approved 13/5/11

5711

G R S 12]
General and Revenue Secretariat

File No of 19

Serial No	
	Issue dt 27/5/74
2	G.O no 9970-19 1 8 11 Sanctions continuation for 2 years from 1-7-11 the Scheme for working the Lottery section of the Memorial School as a Separate Dept of the School

NOTE—Contn sheet

GPB—50 00 —12 8 10

Edn 81

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL OF EDUCATION IN MYSORE

No 7866 / G10 — Bangalore 15th March 1911

Edn 330-10

From

J WEIR ESQ MA

Inspector General of Education in Mysore

To

C S Balasundaram Iyer, Esq , B A ,

Offg Secretary to the Government of H H the Maharaja of Mysore, General and Revenue Departments, Bangalore

SIR,

I have the honour to inform you that at the last meeting of the Committee of the Industrial school Mysore it was unanimously resolved that early steps should be taken to separate the tile industry from the other work of the school The manufacture of tiles for commercial purposes is not at all suitable for an industrial school The men and boys employed in this industry do not receive a training which would enable them to earn a living as skilled workmen outside the school On the other hand a great deal of the time of the Superintendent is taken up in supervising the work of the tile industry which the Committee consider would be very much more usefully spent in developing other branches in the school If the tile industry brought in a profit for the benefit of the school the present system might be defended, but at present it does not pay working expenses and is a constant source of expense to Government

2 The Committee believe that the industry is doing good to a portion of the community by placing good tiles at reasonable rates within the reach of many people who would otherwise be compelled to use inferior materials in the construction of their

그냥
8/6/11

houses, and they are reluctant to recommend the closing down the industry without making an attempt to run it on commercial lines. It is absolutely certain that so long as the business is conducted on the present scale it cannot pay. On the other hand it is not at all certain that it is possible with the present equipment to turn out regularly such a large number of tiles as would make it a paying business, and even if it is possible to do this it is not at all certain that there is a sufficient demand to absorb the tiles so manufactured. In view of the uncertainty regarding these two points the Committee think that it would be better to try what can be done to develop the industry within the next two years. By the end of that time the Industrial school, will is expected, be moved into the new building and the question can then be settled finally what is to be done with the tile industry.

3. The Committee considered a proposal brought forward by the Superintendent and approved generally of the scheme leaving the details to be worked out by the Superintendent of the Industrial school and myself. The following modified scheme is the result of our inquiries.

4. At present there are three Kilns of the following capacity. The first has two chambers each capable of holding 2500 tiles. The second has one chamber capable of holding 3500 tiles and the third has twelve chambers each capable of holding 350 tiles, so that the total capacity is 5000 + 3500 + 4200 or 12,700 in all. It is theoretically possible to have at least three burnings a month. This would produce 38,100 tiles per month and if this could be kept up for 12 consecutive months, 457,200 tiles would be burnt in a year.

5. Careful observations were made by the Superintendent during the course of one burning to form an estimate of the cost and probable profit. He found that it cost Rs 21/- to prepare 1,000 tiles for burning, and the value of the tiles after burning

was as follows --

700 first class tiles	Rs 24-8-0
200 Second " "	Rs 5-0-0
50 third " "	Re 0-8-0
50 breakages	---
	Rs 30-0-0

6 The cost includes an allowance for supervision, but a portion of the profit will be absorbed in paying the Maistry There will be no actual profit till a sufficient number of tiles has been manufactured and sold to pay for the establishment charges It is only by increasing the out-put that the industry can ever be made to pay, and with the object of increasing the out-put it is proposed to give the Maistry a financial interest in the success of the industry by promising him a share of the profit His present pay is Rs 80, per month but this will, at his own suggestion, be cut down to Rs 50/- and at the end of the year he will be given a bonus of five per cent of the amount realized on the sale of all articles made in the Potter At present it is estimated as stated above that 1000 unburnt tiles produce burnt tiles of the value of Rs 30/- If he burns 240 000 in the value of the product will be 7200 Rs and he will receive Rs 360/- if the tiles are sold, which will bring his remuneration up to his present pay As the present rate of burning is about 10,000 a month, he must double the out-put before he gets his present pay But if he improves the quality of the tiles turned out or increases the quantity beyond 20,000 a month he will share in the profit

7 It is unlikely that the quality of the tiles turned out can be much improved until a proper chimney is built A chimney was originally provided in the estimate for the Chamarajendra Institute but it was subsequently struck out on the understanding that the tile industry is to be developed in the compound of the present Industrial school It is estimated that a chimney will

cost about Rs 9,000/- and of this amount Rs 3,000/- has been included in the budget estimate for 1911-12

8 No estimate has hitherto been made of the total amount which will be required to bring the Pottery into a state of efficiency, but the following are stated to be the full requirement for working the present kilns, including the chimney, but excluding a crushing machine

I Capital Expenditure included in the budget estimates --

Roofing Tile Frames	Rs 480-0-0
Flooring Tile Frames	Rs 300-0-0
Racks	Rs 720-0-0
Accessories for Engine	Rs 500-0-0
Chimney	Rs 3,000-0-0
Total	Rs 5,000-0-0

II Capital Expenditure for future budgets --

Roofing Tile Frames	Rs 240-0-0
Flooring Tile Frames	Rs 200-0-0
Ridge	Rs 200-0-0
Racks	Rs 1 440-0-0
Chimney	Rs 6,000-0-0
Total	Rs 8030-0-0

It will be observed that this estimate makes no allowance for renewal of any of the present equipment and this is an item which must be taken into account in forming an estimate of the future of the industry One at least of the Kilns is not built very substantially and is not likely to last very long But of course if the business turns out a success these items may be paid out of the profits

9 If an experiment is to be made in running the industry

on commercial lines it is essential that the Committee should be permitted to use the money realised from the sale of tiles. If this concession can be granted I recommend that the following scheme may be given a trial for one or two years. If it fails the loss to Government will not be greater than it would be if things were allowed to drift as at present, and the business can be wound up when the Industrial school removes to the new buildings or sooner if necessary. If it succeeds it may be possible to induce some private body or Co-operative Society to take it over. In either case the Industrial school will be relieved of a branch which is rather a hindrance to the proper development of the school.

10. The following are the proposals for working the tile Industry as a separate branch of the Industrial school.

(1) With effect from 1st July 1911 the Pottery section of the Industrial school will form a separate department of the school, under the general supervision and control of the Industrial school Committee. The direct management will continue to be in the hands of the Superintendent subject to the orders of the Inspector General of Education.

(2) On July 1, stock will be taken of the raw materials and manufactured articles on hand. The raw materials on hand will be taken over by the Committee at the rates prevalent at the time. The manufactured stock, finished and unfinished will be taken over by the Committee at 10 per cent below the selling price. The amount so fixed is to be regarded as a debt to Government to be settled when this scheme terminates.

(3) A sum of Rs 11,000/- is to be placed at the disposal of the Committee in the Mysore Treasury.

This amount will not be an additional grant but forms part of the budget grant to the Industrial school as follows --

Pottery establishment	Rs 1,320-0-0
Clay and fuel	Rs 5,000-0-0
Scholarship	Rs 1,680-0-0
Terporary wages	Rs 3,000-0-0 out of 4,000
	Rs11 000-0-0

(4) Out of this amount of Rs 11,000/- the Committee will spend Rs 3,000/- in purchasing a crushing machine, and the balance will form the working capital

(5) All sums received from the sale of tiles will be paid into the Treasury and credited to the account of the Committee

(6) The Committee will be responsible for the pay of the Maistry and the Assistant Maistry and all other working expenses including such establishment as the Committee consider necessary for the purposes of the industry The amount now given as scholarships will be included in the working expenses as daily wages

(7) The pay of the Maistry will be fixed at Rs 50/- per month instead of Rs 80/- and at the end of the year he will be given a bonus of five percent on the amount realized for sales during the year

(8) If at the end of one year or such further period as shall be fixed by Government it is decided to hand over the industry to a private company the Maistry is to have the first claim to take it over provided he complies with the conditions prescribed by Government

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Inspector General

T N R

G'R S 28] 9/15

✓
ccb

File No 380-10
Serial No 2

Diary No of letter replied to 5919

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT
( )

READ— Letter No 7886/610 d
the 15th March 1911 from the Dy C
of Sch in Mysore Submitting pro-
posals for working the Tile industry
of the Mysore Girls' School as a
ORDER THEREON— No
Separate branch of the School
(Print the letter in
extenso)

the 19

Date of issue 16/1

Signed by MR BR

over

SUBJECT

Received 16/1/11

GPB—10 000 29 9 10

Order thereon

No 9970-1
Edn 330-10 2 1611

The Scheme for ~~Schools~~ working the pottery Section of the Burslem Intl School as a Separate Dept of the School is Sanctioned tentatively for 2 years with effect from the 1st July 1911. The Conditions Set forth in para 10 of the Insp's Genl Letter read above are approved with the following addition at the end of clause (3):-

PTO

GRS 27]

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

(*Continuation Sheet draft form*)

The sum of Rs 11000 is also to be regarded as a debt due to Govt to be accounted for when the Scheme terminates in addition to buildings and plants, made out of it, in addition to flowing stock and in Cash or equivalents to Cash in hand"

25 May 11

12/5/11 Forwarded

To the Govt of Orissa
& Comptroller

11/5/11

GPB—10 000—22 9 11

READ—

Letter No 7867—610 dated the 15th March 1911 from the Inspector General of Education in Mysore submitting proposals for working the Tile Industry of the Mysore Industrial School as a separate branch of the school —

I have the honor to inform you that at the last meeting of the Committee of the Industrial School Mysore it was unanimously resolved that early steps should be taken to separate the tile industry from the other work of the school The manufacture of tiles for commercial purposes is not at all suitable for an industrial school The men and boys employed in this industry do not receive a training which would enable them to earn a living as skilled workmen outside the school On the other hand a great deal of the time of the Superintendent is taken up in supervising the work of the tile industry which the Committee consider would be very much more usefully spent in developing other branches in the school If the tile industry brought in a profit for the benefit of the school the present system might be defended but at present it does not pay working expenses and is a constant source of expense to Government

2 The Committee believe that the industry is doing good to a portion of the community by placing good tiles at reasonable rates within the reach of many people who would otherwise be compelled to use inferior materials in the construction of their houses and they are reluctant to recommend the closing down of the industry without making an attempt to run it on commercial lines It is absolutely certain that so long as the business is conducted on the present scale it cannot pay On the other hand it is not at all certain that it is possible with the present equipment to turn out regularly such a large number of tiles as would make it a paying business and even if it is possible to do this it is not at all certain that there is a sufficient demand to absorb the tiles so manufactured In view of the uncertainty regarding these two points the Committee think that it would be better to try what can be done to develop the industry within the next two years By the end of that time the Industrial School will it is expected be moved into the new building and the question can then be settled finally what is to be done with the tile industry

3 The Committee considered a proposal brought forward by the Superintendent and approved generally of the scheme leaving the details to be worked out by the Superintendent of the Industrial School and myself The following modified scheme is the result of our inquiries

4 At present there are three kilns of the following capacity —The first has two chambers each capable of holding 2 500 tiles The second has one chamber capable of holding 3 500 tiles and the third has twelve chambers each capable of holding 300 tiles so that the total capacity is 5 000+3 500+4 200 or 12 700 in all It is theoretically possible to have at least three burnings a month which would produce 38 100 tiles per month and if this could be kept up for twelve consecutive months 457 200 tiles would be burnt in a year

5 Careful observations were made by the Superintendent during the course of one burning to form an estimate of the cost and probable profit He found that it cost Rs 21 to prepare 1 000 tiles for burning and the value of the tiles after burning was as follows —

	Rs a p
700 first class tiles	24 8 0
200 second	5 0 0
50 third	0 8 0
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Total	30 0 0

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in the pottery At present it is estimated as stated above that 1 000 unburnt tiles produce burnt tiles of the value of Rs 30 If he burns 240 000 in this way the value of the product will be Rs 7 200 and he will receive Rs 360 if the tiles are sold which will bring his remuneration up to his present pay As the present rate of burning is about 10 000 a month he must double the out put before he gets his present pay But if he improves the quality of the tiles turned out or increases the quantity beyond 20 000 a month he will share in the profit

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8 No estimate has hitherto been made of the total amount which will be required to bring the pottery into a state of efficiency but the following are stated to be the full requirements for working the present kilns including the chimney but excluding a crushing machine

I Capital expenditure included in the budget estimates —

	Rs	a	p
Roofing tile frames	480	0	0
Flooring tile frames	300	0	0
Racks	720	0	0
Accessories for engine	500	0	0
Chimney	3 000	0	0
Total	5 000	0	0

II Capital expenditure for future budgets —

Roofing tile frames	240	0	0
Flooring tile frames	200	0	0
Ridge do	200	0	0
Racks	1 440	0	0
Chimney	6 000	0	0
Total	8 080	0	0

It will be observed that this estimate makes no allowance for renewal of any of the present equipment and this is an item which must be taken into account in forming an estimate of the future of the industry One at least of the kilns is not built very substantially and is not likely to last very long But of course if the business turns out a success these items may be paid out of the profits

9 If an experiment is to be made in running the industry on commercial lines it is essential that the Committee should be permitted to use the money realised from the sale of tiles If this concession can be granted I recommend that the following scheme may be given a trial for one or two years If it fails the loss to Government will not be greater than it would be if thing were allowed to drift as at present and the business can be wound up when the Industrial School removes to the new building or sooner if necessary If it succeeds it may be possible to induce some private body or Co operative Society to take it over In either case the Industrial School will be relieved of a branch which is rather a hindrance to the proper development of the school

10 The following are the proposals for working the Tile Industry as a separate branch of the Industrial School —

(1) With effect from 1st July 1911 the Pottery Section of the Industrial School will form a separate department of the school under the general supervision and control of the Industrial School Committee The direct management will continue to be in the hands of the Superintendent subject to the orders of the Inspector General of Education

(2) On July 1 stock will be taken of the raw materials and manufactured articles on hand the raw materials on hand will be taken over by the Committee at the rates prevalent at the time the manufactured stock finished and unfinished will be taken over by the Committee at 10 per cent below the selling price The amount so fixed is to be regarded as a debt to Government to be settled when this scheme terminates

(3) A sum of Rs 11 000 is to be placed at the disposal of the Committee in the Mysore Treasury

This amount will not be an additional grant but forms part of the budget grant to the Industrial School as follows —

	Rs	a.	p	
Pottery establishment	1 320	0	0	
Clay and fuel	5 000	0	0	
Scholarship	1 680	0	0	
Temporary wages	3 000	0	0	out of 4 000
Total	11 000	0	0	

(4) Out of this amount of Rs 11 000 the Committee will spend Rs 3 000 in purchasing a crushing machine and the balance will form the working capital

(5) All sums received from the sale of tiles will be paid into the Treasury and credited to the account of the Committee

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(7) The pay of the mestri will be fixed at Rs 50 per month instead of Rs 80 and at the end of the year he will be given a bonus of five per cent on the amount realised from sales during the year

(8) If at the end of one year or such further period as shall be fixed by Government it is decided to hand over the industry to a private company the mestri is to have the first claim to take it over provided he complies with the conditions prescribed by Government

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No 9970 1—Edn 330 10 2 dated Bangalore 1st June 1911

Order thereon —The scheme for working the Pottery Section of the Mysore Industrial School as a separate department of the school is sanctioned tentatively for two years with effect from the 1st July 1911 The conditions set forth in para 10 of the Inspector General's letter read above are approved with the following addition at the end of clause (3) — This sum of Rs 11 000 is also to be regarded as a debt due to Government to be accounted for when the scheme terminates in additions to buildings and plant made out of it in additions to floating stock and in cash or equivalent to cash in hand

C S BALASUNDARAM IYER
Offg Secy to Govt Gen & Rev Depts

To—The Inspector General of Education in Mysore
The Comptroller Mysore Government

Exd —c v

1910-11

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

LOCAL FUND AND SANITARY
(EDUCATION)

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 1st June 1911

No $\frac{9970\ 1}{\text{Edn } 330\ 10\text{-}2}$

Sanctions tentatively for two years with effect from 1st July 1911, the scheme for working the Pottery Section of the Mysore Industrial School as a separate department of the school

GPB—14 6 11—200